

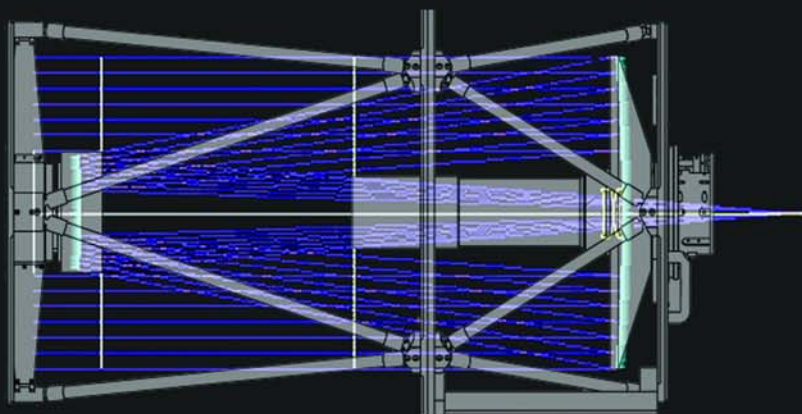
## *PlaneWave CDK 20*

The CDK is a revolutionary new telescope optical system that was designed to excel at imaging on large format CCD cameras while remaining an excellent instrument for visual use. Created to meet the demands of both the serious imager and visual observer, the CDK is offered at an unprecedented value for a telescope of this quality and aperture. One of the unique features of the CDK design is its ease of collimation and achievable centering tolerance for a telescope of its class. This assures the user will get the best possible performance out of the telescope. The end result is a telescope which is free from off-axis coma, off-axis astigmatism, and curvature of field, yielding a perfectly flat field all the way out to the edge of a 42mm image circle. This means pinpoint stars from the center out to the corner of the field of view.



## CDK Optical Design

The CDK telescope is a brand new optical design. The goal of the design is to make an affordable astrographic telescope with a large enough imaging plane to take advantage of the large format CCD cameras of today. Most telescope images degrade as you move off-axis from either coma, off-axis astigmatism, or field curvature. The CDK design suffers from none of these problems. The CDK is coma free, has no off-axis astigmatism, and has a flat field. The design is a simple and elegant solution to the problems posed above. The CDK consists of three components: an ellipsoidal primary mirror, a spherical secondary mirror and a lens group. All these components are optimized to work in concert in order to create superb pinpoint stars across the entire 42mm image plane.



Optical Layout

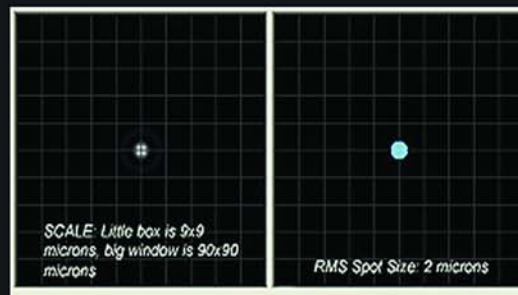


To the right are two simulations showing the CDK's stunning performance. The first is a diffraction simulation and the second is a spot diagram. In both simulations the small squares are 9x9 microns, about the size of a CCD pixel. In the diffraction simulation the star images on axis and off-axis are nearly identical. In the spot diagram 21mm off-axis the spot size is an incredible 6 microns RMS diameter. This means stars across a 42 mm image circle are going to be pinpoints as small as the atmospheric seeing will allow.

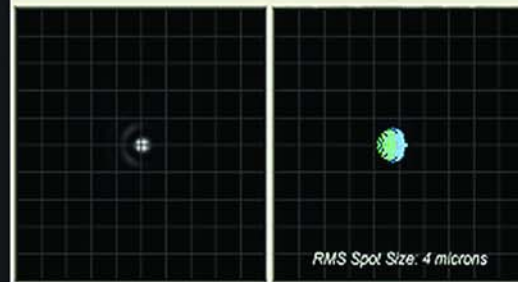
Both of the simulations take into consideration a flat field, which is a more accurate representation of how the optics would perform on a flat CCD camera chip. For visual use some amount of field curvature would be allowed since the eye is able to compensate for a curved field. The diffraction simulation was calculated at 585nm. The spot diagram was calculated at 720, 585, and 430nm. Many companies show spot diagrams in only one wavelength,

Diffraction Simulation Spot Diagram

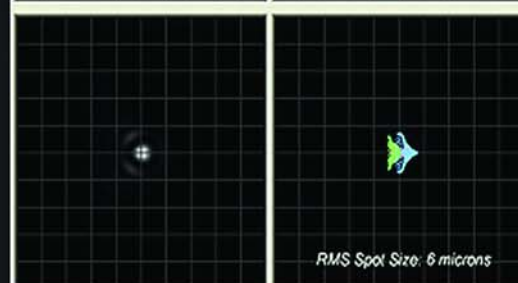
On axis

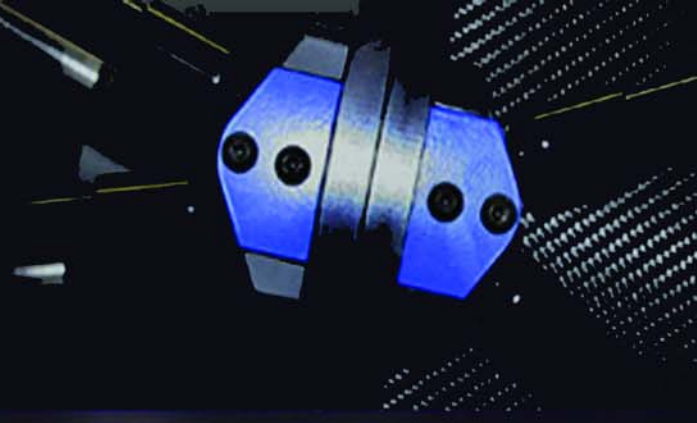


12mm off-axis



21mm off-axis





## Features and Specifications

### System

Aperture	20" (.51m)
Focal Length	3454 mm
Focal ratio	f/6.8
Central Obstruction	39%
Back Focus	8.9" from focuser
Weight	140 lbs
OTA Length	47"
Upper Cage	Carbon Fiber Truss
Lower Cage	Carbon Fiber Truss with Carbon Fiber light shroud

### Primary Mirror

Diameter	20.5"
Aperture	20"
Focal ratio	f/3
Material	Precision Annealed Pyrex
Shape	Prolate Ellipsoid
Coating	Coating StarBright XLT Multilayer Reflective by Celestron

### Secondary Mirror

Diameter	7.5"
Material	Precision Annealed Pyrex
Shape	Spherical
Coating	Coating StarBright XLT Multilayer Reflective by Celestron

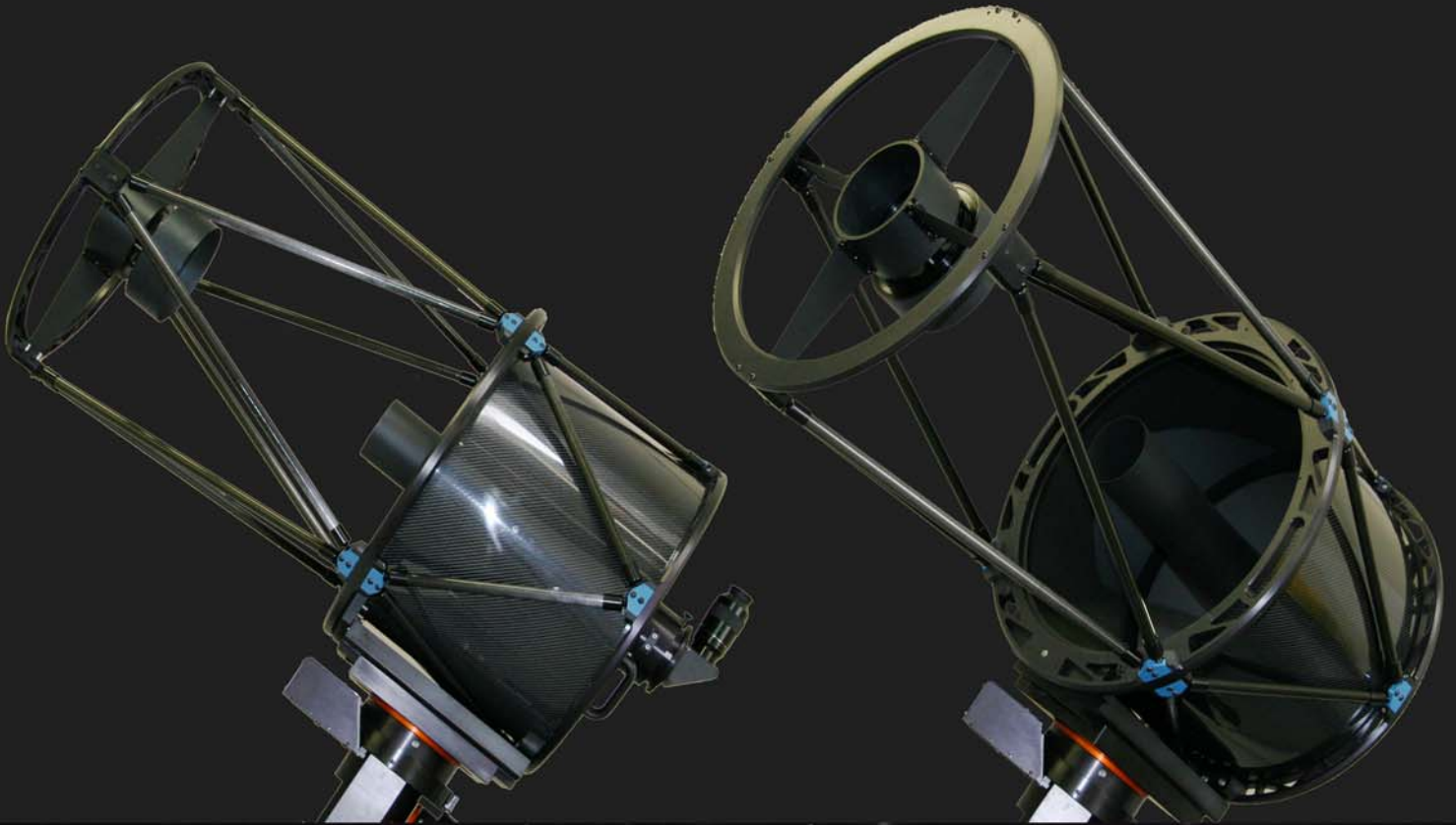
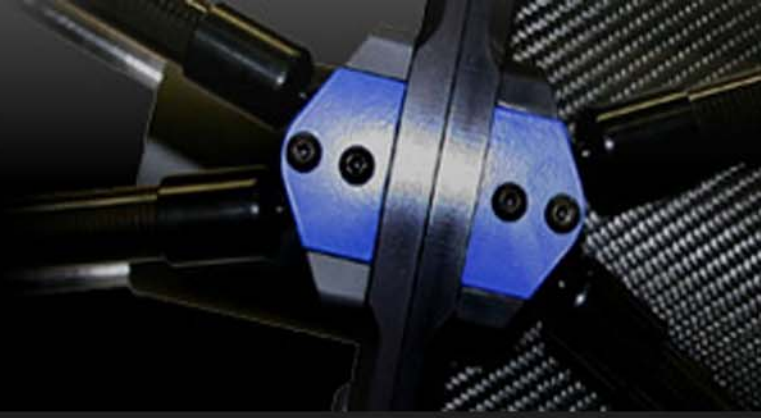
### Lens Group

Diameter	90mm
Number of lenses	2
Coating	StarBright XLT High Transmission coatings by Celestron

### Standard Features

Dual Carbon Fiber Truss Design	Minimizes thermal expansion which causes focus shift with changes in temperature
Carbon Fiber Lower Light Shroud	Protects the primary mirror from damage and from stray light
Dovetail expansion joint	Allows the aluminum dovetail to thermally expand differently than the carbon fiber lower truss
Dovetail	Available with the massive PlaneWave dovetail or the VP dovetail (Paramount compatible).
3.5" Hedrick Focuser	Heavy duty no-slip focuser. The focus tube runs on 5 bearings and is driven by a leadscrew so there is no chance of slipping. The draw tube travel is 1".
Cooling Fans	Three fans blow filtered air onto the back of the primary mirror to help it quickly equilibrate to the ambient temperature. The fans are controlled by a switch on the optical tube or can be controlled by a computer if the optional EFA Kit is purchased.





Authorized dealer:

[www.planewaveinstruments.de](http://www.planewaveinstruments.de)